Year (H/G)  TOPIC  2nd ENTEDS COOCT, CHIEMISTERY OF	Teachers	Tentative Periods Of Completion	Distribution/ week
Semester FNTDSC202T: CHEMISTRY OF NUTRIENTS (THEORY)			
Semester  MAJOR  1. Chemistry of Carbohydrates: Carbohydrates: classification-mono-, di and polysaccharides; Stereoisomerism in carbohydrates. Physical and chemical properties of mono-, di-and polysaccharides.	ENTIRELY BY OP	All syllabus will be completed Within May 2025	DP 4/ WEEK

		1	T	1
	FNTDSC202P: CHEMISTRY OF NUTRIENTS (PRACTICAL)  1. Qualitative tests for the identification of: Glucose, Galactose, Fructose, Sucrose, Lactose Starch, Dextrin.  2. Qualitative tests for the identification of Albumin, Gelatin, Peptone, urea, uric acid.  3. Determination of acid value of oils by titrimetric method.  4. Determination of specific gravity of liquid (fruit juice, blood).  FNTSEC02*:  Fundamental Skills of Fruit and Vegetable Processing  • Preparation of common Fruit preserves like Jam, Jelly.	CHEMISTRY DEPT DP DP DP		DP 2 CHEMISTRY 2  SS 2
2 ND SEM MINOR	<ul> <li>Preparation of common vegetable preserves like Pickles</li> <li>SEMESTER 2         FNTMIN202T:         ELEMENTS OF HUMAN HEALTH -1         (THEORY)     </li> <li>Introduction to Human Health</li> </ul>	ENTIRELY BY SS	All syllabus will be completed Within May 2025	SS 2 GC 2
	<ol> <li>Chemistry and Functions of Nutrients; Deficiency Diseases: Elementary idea on deficiency conditions related to food and nutrition</li> <li>Elementary Cell Biology: Animal cell: definition, structure and functions of different parts. Organelles</li> <li>Digestive system and Digestion Digestive system: elementary anatomy, and microanatomy of different parts of digestive system and its associated glands, and their</li> </ol>	GC GC		
	system and its associated glands, and their functions. Composition of different digestive juices and their functions. Digestion and	ss		

	absorption of carbohydrate, protein and fat.			
	5. <b>Metabolism:</b> Elementary Idea, BMR-definition, factors affecting; SDA; Enzymesconcept, properties	ss		
	6. <b>Blood and body Fluids:</b> Blood, composition, blood corpuscles, functions, blood groups and its importance intransfusion, hazards of mismatch blood transfusion. Rh factor, blood coagulation. Lymph: Composition and function. Elementary idea on immune functions; allergy with special reference to food allergens. Immunization: Importance and Immunization schedule.	GC		
	PRACTICAL			
	1. Determination of Bleeding Time (BT) and Clotting Time (CT).			MS 2
	2. Detection of Blood group (Slide method).	ENTIRELY BY		
	3. Identification of permanent sections (blood cells, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, pancreas).	MS		
4 <sup>TH</sup> SEMESTER	FNTDSC404T: BASICS OF HUMAN HEALTH -1 (THEORY)  1. GI system: Structure and function of different segments of GI tract and associated		All syllabus will be completed Within May 2025	
	glands.	GC		GC 2 MS 2 + M SETH (
	2. <b>Blood and Body Fluids</b> : Blood and its composition, Morphology, formation and functions of formed elements, Blood groups and its importance in transfusion, hazards of			SPECIAL CLASS)
	mismatch blood transfusion. Mechanism of blood coagulation, Hemoglobin- structure and function. Extra cellular fluid, lymph.	GC		
	3. Cardiovascular System: Structure of heart, artery, vein and capillary, Properties of cardiac muscle, Cardiac cycle, cardiac output, heart rate, heart sounds, ECG- normal and abnormal. Systemic and pulmonary circulation. Blood pressure, pulse pressure Radial pulse, coronary circulation	MS		
	4. <b>Respiratory System</b> : Structure of lungs:			

alveoli and airways. Respiratory volumes and capacities, Mechanics of breathing.  DR M S  5. Renal Physiology, Skin and Body Temperature: Anatomy of renal system: kidney. ureter, urethra and urinary bladder, Nephron: structure. Juxtaglomerular apparatus. GFR and GFI, Tubular functions, Urine formation: Counter current exchanger and multiplier. Role of kidney in water and electrolyte balance, ph regulation by kidney. Structure of skin. Sweat and sweat glands. Sebum. Core body temperature, heat loss and heat gain, Regulation of body temperature.  FNTDSC404P: BASICS OF HUMAN HEALTH-1 (PRACTICAL)  1. Determination of pulse rate in resting condition and after exercise (30beats/10beats method).  2. Determination of blood pressure by Sphygmomanometer (Auscultatory method).  3. Determination of Bleeding Time (BT) and Clotting Time (CT).  4. Detection of Blood group (Slide method).  5. Measurement of Hemoglobin level (Sahli's or Drabkin method)  FNTDSC404ST: METABOLISM OF NUTRIENTS (THEORY)  1. Enzymes: Definition and structure. Enzyme substrate interaction. Enzyme kinetics. Michaelis Menten constant (Km). Enzyme inhibition. Factors regulating enzymes activities, Socnzymes, Pro-enzymes, Ribozymes, Abzymes, Concept of Rate limiting enzymes.  2. Carbohydrate Metabolism: Glycolysis. Glycogen metabolism. Metabolism of pyruvate. Outline of pentose phosphate pathway. Anaplerotic reactions. Gluconeogenesis and its interaction. Gluconeogenesis and its interaction. Gluconeogenesis and its interaction.					
Temperature: Anatomy of renal system: kidney, ureter, urethra and urinary bladder, Nephron: structure, Juxtaglomerular apparatus, GFR and GFI, Tubular functions, Urine formation: Counter current exchanger and multiplier. Role of kidney in water and electrolyte balance. ph regulation by kidney. Structure of skin. Sweat and sweat glands. Sebum. Core body temperature, heat loss and heat gain, Regulation of body temperature.  FNTDSC404P: BASICS OF HUMAN HEALTH -1 (PRACTICAL)  1. Determination of pulse rate in resting condition and after exercise (30beats/10beats method).  2. Determination of blood pressure by Sphygmomanometer (Auscultatory method).  3. Determination of Bleeding Time (BT) and Clotting Time (CT).  4. Detection of Blood group (Slide method).  5. Measurement of Hemoglobin level (Sahli's or Drabkin method)  FNTDSC405T: METABOLISM OF NUTRIENTS (THEORY)  1. Enzymes: Definition and structure. Enzyme substrate interaction. Enzyme kinetics, Michaelis Menten constant (Km). Enzyme inhibition. Factors regulating enzyme activities, Isoenzymes, Pro-enzymes, Ribozymes, Abzymes, Concept of Rate limiting enzymes.  2. Carbohydrate Metabolism: Glycolysis. Glycogen metabolism. Metabolism of pyruvate. Outline of pentose phosphate pathway. Anaplerotic reactions. Gluconeogenesis and its	capacities, Mec and carbon di o chemical contro	chanics of breathing. Oxygen oxide transport, Neural and ol of breathing.	DR M S		
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NUTRIENTS (THEORY)  1.Enzymes: Definition and structure. Enzyme substrate interaction. Enzyme kinetics, Michaelis Menten constant (Km). Enzyme inhibition. Factors regulating enzyme activities, Isoenzymes, Pro-enzymes, Ribozymes, Abzymes, Concept of Rate limiting enzymes.  2.Carbohydrate Metabolism: Glycolysis. Glycogen metabolism. Metabolism of pyruvate. Outline of pentose phosphate pathway. Anaplerotic reactions. Gluconeogenesis and its		•	SS		
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importance.	Glycogen meta Outline of pent	bolism. Metabolism of pyruvate. ose phosphate pathway.	DR MD		

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a N	3. <b>Lipid Metabolism</b> : Fatty acid synthesis and de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid; regulation and mechanism of chain elongation.  Metabolism of cholesterol, its control and pathophysiological importance. β-oxidation of fatty acids.			
3	4. <b>Amino acid Metabolism</b> : Essential amino acids. Transamination. Deamination. Transmethylation. Decarboxylation. Glucogenic and ketogenic amino acids. Outline of urea cycle			
$ $ $\epsilon$	. 5. <b>Biological oxidation</b> : Mitochondrial electron transport chain. High energy phosphate bond. Formation of ATP.			
	FNTDSC405P: METABOLISM OF NUTRIENTS (PRACTICAL)			
	1. Estimation of Glucose in blood.			
	2. Estimation of Protein by Biuret and Lowry methods.	ENTIRELY BY DP		DP 4
	3. Estimation of urea and uric acid in blood.			
	FNTDSC406T: COMMUNITY NUTRITION (THEORY)		All syllabus will be completed	
	1. Introduction to Community: Factors affecting health of the Community.		Within May 2025	
	2. <b>Assessment methods</b> : Nutritional assessment of human: Clinical findings, nutritional	DP		MP 1 SS 1 DP 2
i i c a i	anthropometry, biochemical tests, biophysical methods. Nutritional anthropometry: Need and importance, standard for reference, techniques of measuring height, weight, head, chest and arm circumference, interpretation of these measurements. Growth &Development, factors affecting growth and development. Use of growth charts.	MP		
t c	3. <b>Diet survey</b> : Concept and importance, methods of dietary survey, Interpretation - concept of consumption unit, individual and total distribution of food in family, adequacy of diet in respect to RDA, concept of family food security.	SS		
	4. Clinical Signs: Clinical Signs: Need and			

importance, identifying signs of PEM, vitamin A deficiency and iodine deficiency, Interpretation of descriptive list of clinical signs. Nutritional anaemia.	DP		
<ul> <li>5.Nutritional Monitoring and Surveillance:</li> <li>Concept, objectives, procedure, and importance.</li> <li>6.Agencies and Programmes: International, national, regional agencies and organizations.</li> <li>National nutritional intervention programmes to</li> </ul>	SS		
combat malnutrition: ICDS, Midday meal, Special nutrition program, National programs for prevention of anemia, Vitamin A deficiency and Iodine deficiency disorders.	DP		
FNTDSC406P: COMMUNITY NUTRITION (PRACTICAL)			
1. Anthropometric Measurement of infant - Height, weight, circumference of chest, mid – upper arm circumference, precautions to be taken.	MS		MS 2 GC 2
2. Comparison with norms and interpretation of the nutritional assessment data and its significance. Weight for age, height for age,			
<ul> <li>weight for height, Z scores, body Mass Index (BMI), Waist – Hip Ratio (WHR).</li> <li>3. Growth charts– plotting and interpretation.</li> </ul>	MS		
4. Clinical assessment and signs of nutrient deficiencies especially PEM (Kwashiorkor, marasmus)	GC		
5. Estimation of food and nutrient intake: Household food consumption data, adult consumption unit, 24 hours dietary recall 24 hours record, Weighment method, food diaries, food frequency data, use of each of the above,	GC MS GC		
information available through each individual, collection of data, estimation of intakes.			
FNTDSC407T: FOUNDATION OF DIETETICS -1 (THEORY)			
1. <b>Dietetics and Dietician</b> Definition and objective of dietetics, Dieticians-Definition, Classification and Responsibility.		All syllabus will be completed Within May 2025	MD 2 DD 1 CC 1
	MP		MP 2 DP 1 GC 1

SEMESTER 4 MINOR  FNTMIN404T:  ELEMENTS OF HUMAN HEALTH - 2  (THEORY)		All syllabus will	
Planning and preparation of normal diet, fluid diets, soft, semi solid diets, and nutrient modified diets. Note: Emphasis should be given on principles and quantitative aspects.	GC + MS		GC 2 MS 2
7. Routine Hospital Diet: Routine Hospital Diets: Regular, light, soft, fluid, parenteral and enteral feeding  FNTDSC407P: FOUNDATION OF	GC		
therapeutic diets, Nutrient modifications.  6. <b>Diet for healthcare</b> : Team approach to healthcare. Assessment of Patients' needs. Intersectoral coordination	GC MP		
aesthetics  . 5. Basics of diet therapy Basic concepts of diet therapy: Therapeutic adaptations of normal diet, principles and classification of the			
4. <b>Menu Planning Menu Planning</b> : Rationale for menu planning, Factors affecting food choice, Nutritional factors, other factors; Exchange list and food composition tables for menu planning, Steps in the development of exchange list, Factors to be considered when planning the regular balanced diet: adequacy, balance caloric control, moderation, variety and	DP		
3. <b>Dietary guidelines</b> Nutritive values as a basis for classification of food, Recommended Daily Allowances (RDA), Dietary guidelines for Indians and food pyramids.	МР		
2. Food groups Four food groups (Caribbean Food Guide; Canadian Food Guide; USA Food Pyramid; British Food Guide; Recommended Nutrient Intake (RNI); Dietary Value Intake; Dietary Reference Value, Five food group system of ICMR.	DP		

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Heart: Junctional tissues and functions. Cardiac			+ M SETH (
cycle, cardiac output, blood pressure and its			SPECIAL
regulation. Mechanics of breathing			CLASS)
	GC		CLI 100)
2. Excitable Tissues: types, functions			
3. Regulatory Systems: Nervous system and	MOETH		
Endocrine system: elementary idea about	M SETH		
structure and function. Special Senses:			
•			
Elementary idea on structure and function	M SETH		
4 D 1 1 C 1 1 1 C 1	MSEIH		
4. Reproductive System- male and female:			
elementary idea about structure and function			
	MS		
5. Excretory System: kidney- structure and	1115		
function			
	M SETH		
6. Special Physiological conditions: Pregnancy			
and			
Lactation; Health of mother and children	MS+ GC		
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PRACTICAL			
			MG (1)
1. Determination of pulse rate in resting	MS ( REVISION		MS (1)
condition and after exercise	ONLY)		
condition and arter exercise			
2. Determination of blood pressure by			
Sphygmomanometer			
2 Identification of name and continue (Videous			
3. Identification of permanent sections (Kidney,			
testis, ovary, muscles, brain)			
TH and sname			
6 <sup>TH</sup> SEMESTER		All syllabus will	
		be completed	
FNTACOR13T:		Within May 2025	
FOOD PROCESSING AND FOOD			
TECHNOLOGY(THEORY)			
TOTAL HOURS: 60 4 CREDITS			
1.Food Storage and Spoilage No. of Hours 10			
Contamination and microorganisms in the spoilage			GC 2 DP 2
of different kinds of foods and such as cereal and			
cereal products, vegetable and fruits, fish and other			
sea foods, meat and meat products, eggs and	GC		
poultry, milk and products, canned foods.	J.C.		
Classification of food based on pH, Food infection,			
food			
intoxication, definition of shelf life, perishable			
foods, semi perishable foods, shelf stable foods,			
Storage			
of different kinds of foods and such as cereal and			
cereal products, vegetable and fruits, fish and other			
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sea foods, meat and meat products, eggs and poultry, milk and products, spices and canned foods.		
2.Food preservation No. of Hours 12		
Definition, objectives and principles of food preservation. Different methods of food		
preservation. :		
Freezing and Refrigeration:Introduction to		
refrigeration, cool storage and freezing, definition,		
principle	DP	
of freezing, freezing curve, changes occurring during freezing, types of freezing i.e. slow freezing,		
quick freezing, introduction to thawing, changes		
during thawing and its effect on food. Thermal		
Processing- Commercial heat preservation methods:		
Sterilization, commercial sterilization,		
Pasteurization, and blanching. Drying and Dehydration - Definition, drying as a means of		
preservation,		
differences between sun drying and dehydration (i.e.		
mechanical drying), heat and mass transfer, factors		
affecting rate of drying, normal drying curve, names of types of driers used in the food industry.		
Evaporation – Definition, factors affecting		
evaporation, names of evaporators used in food		
industry.		
Units of radiation, kinds of ionizing radiations used		
in food irradiation, mechanism of action, uses of radiation processing in food industry, concept of		
cold sterilization.		
3.Preserved Products No. of Hours 13		
Jam, Jelly, Marmalade, Sauces, Pickles, Squashes, Syrups types, composition and manufacture,		
selection, cost, storage, uses and nutritional aspects.		
	DP	
4. Food Standards and Food Laws No. of Hours		
15 Introduction on Food standards and Food Laws,		
FSSAI, ISI, Agmark, FPO, MPO, PFA, HACCP,		
Codex Aulimentaurius.	GC	
5. <b>Food Adulteration</b> Definition, Classification, Different types of adulterants		
No. of Hours 5	GC	
6.Food Packaging No. of Hours 5		
Packaging Functions and Requirements,, Printing of		
packages .Barcodes & other marking, Labeling Laws	DP	
	21	
FNTACOR13P: FOOD PROCESSING AND		
FOOD TECHNOLOGY(PRACTICAL)		
TOTAL HOURS: 60 2 CREDITS		SS 4
1. 2. Study on Blanching and Browning Process.		SS 4
 Preparation of Fruit preserves(Jam, Jelly).		 

2 4 e 5	3. Preparation of vegetable preserves.(Pickles) 23 4. Dehydrated Products – tray drying, sun drying etc. 5. Tomato Processing. 6. Fruit Pulping/Juice/Beverages production.	Entirely by SS	
Ii   8   9	7. Preparation and Standardisation of Traditional Indian Fermented Food. 8. Visit to Food Processing and Preservation unit. 9. Detection of Adulterants in common Food Stuffs ike Milk, Oil, Laddu, Turmeric etc.		
F N E T 1	FNTACOR14T: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS(THEORY) FOTAL HOURS: 60 4 CREDITS 1. Research Methodology No. of Hours 5	Dr Soma Ghosh Principal	DR SG 2
T s	Types of research, research approaches and scientific methods, Research process, Criteria of good research.		RC 1 SM 1
S ii	2. Research problem No. of Hours 10 Definition and identification of a research problem, Selection of research problem. Technique Involved in Defining a Problem.	Principal	
M roa a e d e (o	relating to research design, variables, experimental	Dr Ritwick Chatterjee (economics)	
d p to a M S d S	- · · · · ·	Dr sonali Mukherjee (economics)	
a b	5. Preparation of report No. of Hours 15 a. Graphical and diagrammatic presentation. b. Interpretation of – Meaning of interpretation, Technique of interpretation, c. Precaution in interpretation- Interpretation of	Dr Ritwick Chatterjee	

tables and figures. d. Report writing – Significance of report writing, Steps in writing report, Types of reports.		٢
FNTACOR14P: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS(PRACTICAL) 24 TOTAL HOURS: 60 2 CREDITS 1. Assignment for calculation of mean, median, mode, standard deviation, standard error of mean and students' 't' test with provided data.	Entirely by Dr Sonali Mukherjee	SM 4
FNTADSE04T: FOOD & BEVERAGE MANAGEMENT (THEORY) TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 4		
1. Introduction to Food Service No. of Hours 10 Introduction to food service industry in India, factors contributing to the growth of food service industry, sectors of food service industry, food service operations, Kinds of food service establishments, environmental factors influencing food service operations, styles of food service	Sri Bidhan Baidya (commerce)	BB2 SS2
2. Food Production & Menu Planning No. of Hours 20	55	
Food production methods, food production process, cooking methods, Menu planning: Importance of menu, Factors affecting menu planning, Menu planning for different kinds of food service units, Food		
Purchase and Storage, Quantity Food production: Standardization of recipes, quantity food preparation - techniques, recipe adjustments and portion control ,Hygiene and Sanitation		
3. Resources of food service establishments No. of Hours 20 Food and beverage staff, organization structure, qualities of food service staff, training; food service	ВВ	
equipment; food & beverage pricing, revenue control.  4. Personnel Management No. of Hours 10 Personnel Management, Recruitment, selection, induction, employee facilities& benefits, safety at work	ВВ	
FNTADSE04P: FOOD & BEVERAGE		
MANAGEMENT (PRACTICAL) TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2 Planning of A Food Service Unit: Preliminary	SS	SS 4

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	Planning, Survey of types of units, identifying		
	clientele,		
	menu, operations and delivery Planning the set up a)		
	Identifying resources b) Developing Project plan		
	c) Determining investments d) Project Proposal.		
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	FNTADSE06T: NUTRITIONAL		
	MANAGEMENT AND COUNSELLING		
	(THEORY)		
	TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 4		
	1. Basics of diet counselling No. of Hours 10		
	30		
	Diet Counselling-meaning, significance, process,		
	types Goals of counselling, individuals, group and		
	family counselling, Basic sequence in counselling,		MP 4
	Materials needed for counselling –models, charts,	ENTIRELY	
	posters, AV aids, Hand outs etc, Communication		
	process in counselling and linguistics in clinical	BY MITALI	
	dietary practices, problems in communication Role of		
	Counsellor & Counselee, Techniques of	1 /3LODIII	
	obtaining relevant information- 24 Hour Dietary		
	recall, List of food likes and dislikes, Lifestyle		
	Dietician as a part of medical team and research team,		
	Impact of counselling on health and disease of		
	individuals – discussion of hospital case studies.		
	2. Introduction on Psychology and counselling No.		
	of Hours 15		
	Introduction to psychology – Definition, Nature and		
	Scope Attention and perception – Types of		
	attention and factors influencing attention, principles		
	of perceptual organization and abnormalities in		
	perception learning and memory- Types of learning,		
	Types of memory, Forgetting and its causes		
	motivation and emotion- Types of motives, types of		
	emotions, emotional expression, Personality-		
	nature and definition, factors influencing personality,		
	Psycho analytic theory of personality Nature and		
	goals of counselling Principles of counselling,		
	Characteristics of a good counsellor, Ethical		
	principles		
	of counselling, Special areas of counselling:		
	Educational, family, health, community and		
	counselling of		
	alcoholic, and drug addicts.		
	2 Councelling Chille No. of House 15		
	3. Counselling Skills No. of Hours 15		
	Approaches to counselling – Psycho analytic		
	approach, Behaviouristic, Humanistic approach, Pre		
	Helping phase: Rapport building skills, Attending and		
	listening skills, Stage I skills: Empathy, respect,		
	Genuineness and concreteness, Stage II skills:		
	Advanced empathy, self disclosure, Immediacy and		
	Confrontation. Stage III skills: Goal setting, Action		
	plan Programme and Brainstorming.		
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4. Diet Counselling at Hospital and Community Level No. of Hours 20 Role of counselling in hospital, Role of counselling in community, Organizing health camps and patient feedback – at hospital level, Organizing health camps and patient feedback – at community level, Diet counselling for obese people, Diet counselling for Diabetics, Diet counselling for CVD, Diet counselling for mother and child care, Diet counselling for adolescent, Patient follow up / home visits, geriatric counselling with specific diseases like HIV/AIDS.  FNTADSE06P: NUTRITIONAL MANAGEMENT AND COUNSELLING (PRACTICAL) TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2  1. Organizing health camps and patient feedback – both at hospital level and community level  2. Diet counselling for mother and child  3. care, adolescent, obese people, Diabetic patient CVD.  4. Patient follow up / home visits.  (INTERNSHIP AND PROJECT SUBMISSSION)		SS 2 + INTERNSHIP
6 <sup>TH</sup> SEM GENERAL  FNTGDSE03T-FOOD COMMODITIES(THEORY) TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS:  1. Perishable Food Commodities No. of Hours 16 Milk, Meat, Fish, Egg and Poultry- Introduction, composition, types, processing, products, uses in Indian cookery.  2. Semi Perishable Food Commodities No. of Hours 16 Fruits and Vegetable, Fats and Oils- Introduction, composition, types, processing, products, uses in Indian cookery.  3. Non Perishable Food Commodities No. of Hours 16 Cereals, Pulses, Legumes, Oil seeds	GC GC MS	MS 2 GC 2

and spices-Introduction, composition, types, processing, products, uses in Indian cookery.		
4.Beverages Tea; Coffee. Chocolate and Cocoa Powder-Processing, cost and nutritional aspects, other beverages-Aerated beverages, juices.	MS	
FNTGDSE03P-FOOD COMMODITIES(PRACTICAL) TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2		
1. Project formulation and presentation of project in a seminar (especially on the market survey of food commodities).	Entirely by SS	SS 2